

Woodward & Lothrop,

New York—WASHINGTON—Paris.

During heated term store will close at 5 o'clock; Saturday at 1.

Children's Summer Outfittings

For Town, Country and Seaside.

HATS, Caps, Footwear; dress-up, tennis, yachting, bathing and general Outing Apparel, in the broadest variety and latest effects.
Just now we are offering, as in the list below, many classes of wearthings and playthings at prices very much below the usual.

Some Very Special Values in Girls' Vacation Clothing.

Girls' White Dresses at \$2.25.

We have placed on large center table a splendid collection of girls' fine white lawn dresses, which we offer at a specially low price. There are several styles, in both low and high neck and long and short sleeves; also guimpe styles, and they are more or less elaborately trimmed with laces, embroideries and tuckings; sizes to 12 years.

\$2.25 for Choice. Values, \$3.25 and \$3.75.

Girls' White Dresses at \$3.75.

We have also placed on a center counter a nice collection of Girls' White Dresses, being the remaining few of several lines of this season's best and most popular styles. There are sheer lawns and dainty dotted Swisses, and they are effectively trimmed with fine laces and embroideries. Quite a number of styles are represented, including guimpe and high-neck effects. Sizes 6 to 14. We offer the entire collection at the special price.

\$3.75 for Choice. Were \$6.00, \$6.75 and \$7.50.

Special Value in Girls' Mackintoshes.

Made with military capes and very full skirts, in navy blue, brown and maroon; cashmere surfaces and plaid cloth backs; sizes 6 to 16.

\$2.50 Each. Reduced from \$3.50.

Two Special Values in

Women's White China Silk Waists:

Fine quality, made with all-over plaited front and back, tucked cuffs and stock collars; all sizes and a very special value.

\$3.75 Each. Regular Price, \$4.50.

Also a lot of new Black Taffeta Skirts, made in a many-plaited style, of good quality silk, in all sizes.

A Very Special Value at \$15.00 Each.

Third floor, 9th st.

Boys' Summer Clothing.

IDSUMMER Clothing for dress and outing wear—Wash Suits, Lightweight Wool Suits, Long or Short Pants, Wash Waists and Blouses, Straw Hats, Summer Underwaists, Pajamas, Bathing Suits and all other cool, practical clothing for summer wear.

We call attention to several items of seasonable apparel which we are offering at greatly reduced prices.

Boys' All-wool Norfolk Jacket Suits; sizes 7 to 10; worth up to \$1.50	\$3.75
Boys' Blue Serge Sailor Suits, all wool, neatly trimmed and braided; sizes 5 to 11; worth \$6.00	\$4.25
Boys' Straw Blouse Suits, sizes 2 to 6; worth \$2.50	95c.
Boys' Washable Collar Suits, of imported stock and plaid; blouse pants; sizes 2 to 6; worth up to \$5.00	\$1.95
The new "Bishop" Suit, for little boys; very stylish; sizes 2 to 6	\$2.05 and \$3.25
Boys' Fine Imported Madras Blouses, with or without collar; sizes 6 to 10; worth \$1.50	\$1.00
Boys' Cotton Jersey Athletic Shirts, half sleeves, various colors	50c.
Boys' Negligee Shirts, some with collar and cuffs attached, others with separate cuffs and laundered neckband; fancy effects; sizes 12 to 14	50c.
Boys' Laundered Blouses, "K. & E." brand; sizes 7 to 15; worth \$1.00 and \$1.25	75c.
Boys' Shirts, fine quality, pretty patterns; collar sizes 12 to 14	75c.
Boys' Washable Four-in-Hand Stocks	25c.
Boys' 2-piece Cotton Bathing Suits	50c., 75c. and \$1.00
Boys' 2-piece All-wool Bathing Suits	\$2.00
Boys' All-wool Jersey Sweaters, popular colors and combinations	\$1.25 and \$1.50

Boys' Straw Hats Reduced.

We offer our remaining stock of Boys' Straw Hats at half and less than half original prices. They are this season's goods, and there are several styles among them suitable for girls.

Boys' Straight-brim Straw Hats, 25c. Were 50c.	
Boys' or Girls' Straw Sallies; plain and mixed effects	30c. Were \$1.00 to \$1.75.
Boys' Stiff-brim Straw Hats, 75c. Were \$1.50.	
Boys' or Girls' Fine Milan Straws, with ribbon streamers; fine quality	\$1.50. Were \$1.50 and \$2.00.
Boys' or Girls' Fine Milan Straws, with rolling brim	\$1.50. Were \$2.50 to \$3.75.

Cool Headwear for Little Children.

These pretty little Washable Sun Hats and Bonnets are not only odd and picturesque, but they are dainty and practical and economical. They are easily laundered. We show quite a variety of styles.

Children's White Sun Bonnets, made of madras, with crown and elastic; sizes 18 to 20. Each	50c.
Children's White Pique Sun Bonnets, with crown and elastic, edge finished with embroidery scallop. Each	\$1.00
Children's Sun Hats, made of white pique, Tom O'Shanter crown buttoned on, hem finished with narrow ruffle of embroidery. Each	\$1.50
Children's White Corded Hats large brim, with crown buttoned on, finished around edge with braided. Each	\$1.00
Children's Sun Hats, made of pink and white checked gingham, with crown buttoned on. Each	50c.
Children's Large White Mull Bonnets, trimmed around the face with lace-trimmed ruffle, finished on top with bow of mull edged with lace. Each	\$1.00

Third floor, Eleventh st.

Women's Summer Muslin Underwear.

A secret of comfort in summer time is a plentiful supply of Muslin Underwear. Must fit to be comfortable—loose and roomy where needed, snug where necessary. Every garment in our stock meets these requirements—and is priced no higher than the ill-fitting, poorly made kinds.

Some special items for Saturday's selling:

Muslin Skirts, with tucks and plain cambrile skirts. Each	50c.
Cambrile Skirts, with lace-trimmed lawn ruffles. Each	75c.
Cambrile Skirts, with ruffle on ruffle effects, both plain and domesticated. Each	\$1.00
Nainsook Gowns, round neck and short sleeves, finished in different styles with beading and ribbon. Val. lace and embroidery. Each	\$1.00
Nainsook Gowns, good quality, with square or round necks, to be trimmed as one wishes. Each	\$1.00
White Lawn Kimonos, with pink, blue and lavender figured borders, excellent quality. Each	50c.

Third floor, Eleventh st.

Pretty Neckfixings for Midsummer.

We are showing scores of dainty neck pieces for warm weather wear. The neat, practical sorts for morning use with shirt waists and wash dresses and the more elaborate effects for evening and more formal occasions.

Dainty Chemiselets of sheer lawn and lace, with deep cuffs or undersleeves to match—several sets	\$1.00 to \$6.50
Dainty Stocks, lace effects, in quite a variety of styles, also Talcott Stocks in the plain effects. Each	25c. to \$3.50
Collar and Cuff Sets, in many attractive patterns. Each	25c. to \$4.00
Large Lace Collars, for use with light-weight silk and other summer wraps. Each	50c. to \$3.50

Correct Corsets for Summer Gowns.

Our Corset stock is complete. Correct shapes, up-to-date models, latest materials—and there isn't a make here that hasn't stood the test of years.

Some excellent makes:	
P. N. Corsets, straight front, low bust, long hip, with front and hip elastic attached; sizes 18 to 20. Pair	\$1.50
Thomson's Glove-fitting Corsets, in short, medium and long lengths, made of net, with corset straps; sizes 18 to 30. Pair	\$1.00
P. D. Corsets, straight front, low bust, long hip, made of imported cloth; sizes 18 to 30. Pair	\$3.00
Nemo Corsets, self-reducing, for stout figures; sizes 22 to 34. Pair	\$3.50

Summer Toys and Outdoor Games, Etc.

All the staple sorts of Toys and Games and all the new ones for outdoor use. Also Hammocks, Swings, Tents, Garden Sets, Japanese Parasols, Japanese Lanterns, Archery Sets, etc.

Special attention is called to the following underprice things for Saturday:

Toy Dept., Fourth Floor, Eleventh st.

Woodward & Lothrop.

ISSUED A STATEMENT

MUTUAL RESERVE LIFE MEN

DENY REPORT OF EXAMINER.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The policyholders of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company have received a statement from the board of directors of the company which apparently was made as a public reply to the report of the examination by the state insurance department, which was printed today.

Chief Insurance Examiner Isaac Vanderpool, in his report, charges the Mutual Reserve company with concealment of judgments against the company amounting to \$182,767, exaggeration of its surplus by over \$300,000, and a fixed policy of delay in settling claims.

The statement issued by the company today declares that there is not a single fact to support the allegations of the insurance department that payments are delayed by the company, and adds the following figures to show the financial standing of the company:

Gross assets: Company, \$5,806,973; examination, \$5,979,334. Increase, \$82,360.
Gross liabilities: Company, \$4,400,705; examination, \$4,408,567. Increase, \$7,862.

The statement adds: "The examination therefore shows excess of gross assets over gross liabilities of \$74,671, greater than did the company's statement of December 1, 1894."

AFTER ANOTHER PATIENT.

James L. Shaffer in St. Elizabeth's Asylum.

Attorneys R. P. Evans and Edwin Forrest, who appear as counsel in the Willis case, decided last Monday, today filed a petition for the writ of habeas corpus in behalf of James L. Shaffer. The court directed that the writ issue, returnable at 10 o'clock the morning of the 1st of August.

It is stated in the petition that Shaffer, whose legal residence is in Pennsylvania, was confined in the Government Hospital for the Insane for the past six months. He is sixty years of age, and it is asserted, has been examined by two physicians and pronounced by them to be sane.

The court is informed that in 1901 Shaffer was an inmate of the National Soldiers' Home for Disabled Volunteers at Dayton, Ohio, and without just cause was sent by the governor of the home to the Government Hospital for the Insane here. After four or five months he says he was returned to the Dayton home by the late Dr. Richardson. Three years elapsed, when, last January, he was again sent to the Government Hospital for the Insane, where he has since been kept in custody.

It is charged that Superintendent White unlawfully keeps him in custody in pursuance of a proceeding authorized by the board of trustees of the hospital, and that the board of trustees or its members have been guilty of a conspiracy to keep him in custody.

The case is said to be on all fours with the Willis case, in which the court directed the discharge of Willis from custody.

READY FOR TRANSFER.

Police Court Fixtures to Be Removed to New Quarters.

The removal of the Police Court to the old bureau of statistics building on 15th street, where court will be held pending the construction of the new Police Court building, will commence tomorrow. This move was determined on by Judge Kimball today, and plans are being made for the beginning of the work. Engineer Patterson, who will supervise the placing of the fixtures in the temporary court building, was the building this morning making arrangements for the transfer tomorrow.

This does not mean that the Police Court will hold its sessions in the 15th street building next week, as might be expected. But it does mean that the holding of the courts will be attended with considerable informality and inconvenience to all the officials. As the plan has been outlined the fixtures in the District branch of the Police Court will be moved tomorrow.

This includes the judge's bench, the clerk's desk, the witness stand and rails, all of which will be taken out of the present court room and taken to the new quarters. As the building is being moved, many changes will have to be made. The placing of these fixtures will be attended to the first of next week.

When the new court fixtures have been transferred to the new court, or United States branch, will be taken to the new building and will be fitted into place there. Both courts will be ready to be made much smaller. When the fixtures are in place for the new court it is expected the courts will be officially transferred to the 15th street building for a period of about two years.

Judge, clerk, members of the bar, witnesses and those in the audience, each will therefore for a time be on the same level physically. This will make the holding of the court more difficult, but it is expected that if the fixtures are moved in the new building, how long this chaotic condition will last cannot be told, but it is announced that the removal will be made under the supervision of the building department, and the building is in a proper condition to be occupied.

It is expected that fully another week will be employed in the repairs to the court's new habitation. The decorators will finish the walls tomorrow, but there is still some work to be done by the plumber which will take several days. Then the carpenters will be busy in fitting the old furniture to the new court rooms.

Fishing Tackle.

OUR Sporting Goods Department, main floor, Tenth street, is stocked with complete lines of every known requisite, and everything is of the best quality.

Bait Buckets, each	45c.
Best Silk Body Bass Flies, dozen, 75c.	
each	8c.
Crab Nets, with pole; each	10c.
Umbrella Minnow Nets, each	\$1.50
4x4 Minnow Sinks, complete; each	35c.
Tackle Boxes, finely enameled, with separate compartments for all accessories; each	90c.
Aluminum Leader Boxes, each	14c.
Wrapping Silk, for rods, spool	10c.
Fine Quality Snooded Hooks, dozen	15c.
Triple-Snooded Hooks, linen wrapped; dozen	24c.
Nickel-plated Fishing Reels; will hold 60 yds. of twine; each	40c.
Bristol Steel Fishing Rods, each	\$3.45
Split Bamboo Rods, 3 joints	65c.
Salt-water Lines, 84 feet; each	12c.
Black Waterproof Silk Lines, 25 yds.	
Spiral Sinkers, dozen	35c.
Main floor, Tenth st.	

Demurrer in Will Case Filed.

An additional step was taken today in the matter of the contest over the valuable estate of the late Miss Amelia Egan when Mrs. Mary T. Egan filed a demurrer and answer to the proceedings in equity instituted against her last Wednesday by Rudolph Eichhorn, who claims to be the executor and trustee under the last will of the late Miss Egan. Mr. Eichhorn asks the court to appoint him receiver of the estate and to order the sale of the property, especially that in house 212 E street.

Failed to Support His Children.

Dangerfield Davis was arraigned in the Police Court this morning on a charge of failing to support his minor children, preferred by his wife, Fannie Davis. Davis told the court that she had not received any money from her husband since last March and that she tried to support her children since that time herself. Davis told of his willingness to help support his children and finally agreed to pay his wife \$7 per week for their support. A sentence of \$25 or ninety days in jail was imposed on the defendant, but the sentence was suspended during the weekly payments.

Goes on Vacation.

Mr. John R. Young, clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, will leave this city tomorrow for Bon Echo, Frontenac county, Ontario, Canada, where he will spend part of his vacation. Later Mr. Young will go to Center Lovell, Me., where a large number of Washingtonians are temporarily located. Justice Barnard of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has a summer home at Center Lovell.

TO REMAIN WITH AUNT.

Case of Little Isabel Marceron Disposed Of.

The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia today disposed of the contest over the custody of little Isabel Marceron, for the time being, by permitting the child to remain with her aunt, Mrs. Mary Regina Polen, with whom she has been staying for the past six years.

Mrs. Polen asked the court to enjoin her brother, Alexander Marceron, father of the child, from taking any steps to remove Isabel from her, and an order was signed enjoining Mr. Marceron as asked during the pendency of the case. Attorney Cranford Mackey, representing Mr. Marceron, explained that testimony will be taken and a case called up for hearing in accordance with the usual procedure in equity cases.

Counsel added that the order signed today is of a temporary nature only. Mr. and Mrs. Marceron separated six years ago and Mr. Marceron placed Isabel, then two years of age, in the keeping of his sister, Mrs. Polen, under an agreement, she says, that she should have the custody of the child until the latter attained the age of twenty-one years. Mr. and Mrs. Marceron last May adjusted their differences and recently Mr. Marceron demanded the child from his sister.

In disposing of the matter the court today held that the interests of the child should be considered; that Isabel had been cared for very well by her aunt, and in view of the fact that the child's mother and father had separated and lived apart for six years, it was deemed wise to decide that the little girl should continue with Mrs. Polen.

Attorneys Campbell Carrington and Irving Williamson represented Mrs. Polen.

THE ZIONISTS' CONGRESS.

Lively Session Today Over Subject of East African Colony.

BASEL, Switzerland, July 28.—The reports that rioting occurred at yesterday's session of the Zionist congress are incorrect. This morning, however, while the delegates were arriving in the hall, considerable scuffling occurred in the hallways and stairways of the casino. This caused a scene of angry gesticulation and shouting. Blows were exchanged, and the police intervened and cleared the stairways of the disorderly element.

The congress held a lively session over the special order of the day, for the establishment of a Zionist colony in east Africa. The Zionist congress named Kossia, near Warsaw, and Granberg reported the technical details of the results of the expedition for the examination of the land offered for colonization by the British government. Mr. Granberg proposed a vote of thanks to the British government.

Israel Zangwill urged the acceptance of the British proposal, and the Zionist congress healthily tract upon the plateau of Guasso Nigshu (comprising 5,000 square miles) be replaced or extended to a more favorable locality. Sir Frankland Knollys, who contended for Palestine as a more proper site for colonization.

Owing to the interest aroused in the colonization question over a hundred orators have been requested to be heard. The organization committee sought to restrict the debate to four orators.

Dr. Syrkin of Paris offered a resolution providing for an unlimited debate, which was defeated by a large majority. Thereupon a small group began a noisy demonstration, compelling President Nordmann to close the session amidst a scene of general agitation.

RUSSIAN LOCATION.

Point on Sakhalin Island Where Troops Retreated.

TOKYO, July 28.—(Friday, 6 p.m.)—Lutskoff, on Sakhalin Island, to which point the Russians retreated, is some thirty miles southeast of Alexandrovsky, beyond a range of hills separating the Alexandrovsky district from the plain. Here the Russians are completely isolated owing to lack of roads. It is impossible for them to make a long stand and it is expected that they will soon be subdued. A victory over them will make the Japanese virtual masters of the whole island.

There is great rejoicing in Tokyo over the success of the Saghalien Expedition, the success of the Saghalien Expedition is regarded as the first entry of the Japanese army into Russian territory proper.

Another Fraud Order Issued.

The fraud order division of the Post Office Department issued a fraud order today and revoked one. The concern whose methods are offensive to the Post Office Department is variously known as Edward F. Morgan, the Hamilton Bank of Nevada and the Morgan Prospecting Syndicate, all of Tonopah, Nev. It appears from the papers in the case that Morgan advertised for "co-investors" to send \$10 each to the Hamilton Bank, and the money was used by Morgan to defray prospecting expenses. Investigation developed that no such concern existed as the Hamilton Bank and consequently the scheme was considered fraudulent.

A fraud order, issued April 18, against E. J. Russell, 104 West 110th street, New York city, has been revoked, on the ground that the alleged fraudulent scheme has been abandoned and all mail received by Russell will be returned to the postmaster at New York.

Denial by Director North.

Director of the Census North has issued a statement that the census office has never gathered data on homicides and executions in the United States, but authority to make such a report has been given by Congress at its next session. He has issued this statement in denial of newspaper reports purporting to give such information. He also denies that census reports contain data on which could be based the statement that only 21 per cent of the 15,000,000 families in the United States have annual incomes of more than \$600.

Naval Orders.

Lieut. Commander A. L. Key to Coasters' Harbor Island, Narragansett Bay, R. I., for duty in attendance at the conference of officers at the Naval War College.

Lieut. J. E. Jeffries to the Massachusetts to the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lieut. L. M. Nulton from the Texas to home and wait orders.

Lieut. H. O. Stickey from the Texas to this city for examination for promotion, then home and wait orders.

Lieut. G. C. Day from the Culgoa to the Texas to home and wait orders.

Midshipman J. D. Little to the Columbia, Surgeon E. M. Ship to the Charleston.

Assistant Surgeon J. M. Backus from the Steamer Sigsbee, Portsmouth, N. H., to the Hancock, navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Acting Assistant Surgeon V. Dabney from the Culgoa to the Southern, navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Paymaster G. R. Venable to this city for duty in the bureau of supplies and accounts, Navy Department.

Paymaster P. G. Kennard, when discharged from treatment at the Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va., to home and granted three months' leave.

Boatswain J. B. Moncrief to the Franklin, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Warrant Machinist G. W. Johnson from the West Virginia to the Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., for treatment.

Only Affects New Business.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The New York representatives of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation today sent to the International Banking Corporation of this city, which is interested in the Chicago railroad, the following cablegram from Shanghai:

"With reference to your wire of 28th, boycott probably restricting new business, but our position is that we are now anxious to find excuse to cancel and not lose face."

Three Deaths From Yellow Fever.

Gov. Magoon of the isthmian canal zone has reported three deaths from yellow fever on the isthmus. They were as follows: Jacob Poth of Pittsburgh, employed by the Isthmian Canal Commission; a Jamaican employee at Colon; J. C. Butcher of Geneva, W. Va., Scotch employee, foreman under division engineer at Culebra.

Our August Furniture Sale

Means Uniformly Large Reductions on All Furniture to Make Room for Our Immense Fall Stock. It Will Be the Greatest Bargain Event of the Year.

Stumph & Lyford

631 to 639 Mass. Ave.

Railroad to Be Built in 4 Days.



Uncle Sam is getting ready to take off his coat and begin building a city.

Are You Going to Share in the Profits?

We will wait for your answer every day until six o'clock p. m.

United States Realty Co.,

Firemen's Insurance Building,

7th St., Pa. and La. Aves. N. W.

Washington, D. C.

PASSPORTS AND THEIR HISTORY.

Globe Trotters' Certificates of Character, Their Uses and Limitations.

From the London Globe.

The traveler returning loves to sit by English firesides and let his fancy beguile him through his own journey around the world again. He has his little collection of mementos, gathered like guiding stones from the paths his footsteps have traced, to prick his memory of incidents and places; some given away from an eastern bazaar, or picture postcards from every place between Bombay and Timbuctoo. They all serve his purpose; but your professional globe-trotter has something that appeals to him more readily. He has his passport, its details obliterated by the stamps of more than half of Europe, framed and hung up before him, a striking memento of the likes and dislikes, the joys and sorrows, the civilities and rudenesses of a year's travel. One stands aloof from a passport when it comes fresh and rustling from the passport office, reeking with the officialdom. One regards it distrustfully; its very enforced presence is an insult to one's feelings; it is quartered upon the purpose of the traveler, and he consequently receives a welcome similar to that gentlemen's. But after a few months in the pocket of the traveler, it is regarded as a friend of his. What he believes much as is a ballad, and it consequently serves him in establishing identity at banks where remittances are made.

The origin of the passport is buried in obscurity. Probably in the Stone Age some influential mark upon a flint served the purpose of the passport. The first mention occurs in chronicles of the wars of Christendom against the Saracens, where safe-conducts were given to chivalrously granted. Their observance, however, was not so chivalrous as apparently they ceased to be of any value to the traveler. In the middle ages the passport was a document of the Cross compare badly with those of the Crescent, and later in the middle ages the soldiers in case of need were not remarkable for their adherence to these safe-conducts. The passport as now understood is a Spanish invention, originating in 1571, during the reign of Philip II., and the first ever given in France was signed by Charles V. of Spain when besieging Marseilles in 1537. During the siege King Charles desired to send two of his officers, two noblemen who were serving in the army, on a mission to Marseilles to negotiate the surrender of the city. They were given a document signed by himself and the pope's legate, to the abbot of Montecassino, who was then charged with the mission. This precaution was in the words of our authority, "in order that they might be allowed to pass freely, and not be hindered by the soldiers of the king, who were not to be harassed in their passage through the king's dominions by the bloodhounds of the Holy Inquisition, who showed no more consideration for grandes and nobles than for the hidalgos and mulattoes of Catalonia."

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